

# Safety Data Sheet



## Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

### Product Identification

**Name:** Purge Protect

**Intended Use:** Embalming Absorbent

**Manufacture:** Trinity Fluids, LLC

**Address:** 550 Edwin Street  
Westland, MI 48186

**Phone:** 810 441-8006

**Emergency:** 800 255-3924 (Chemtrec)



## Section 2 - Hazard Identification

### Emergency overview

Sodium polyacrylate is a white, granular, odorless polymer that yields a gel-like material with the addition of water. It is insoluble in water and causes extremely slippery conditions when wet. Although not regulated as a hazardous material, the respirable dust is a potential respiratory tract irritant. The manufacturer recommends an eight-hour exposure limit of 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

### Potential acute health effects

#### Inhalation:

Exposure to respirable dust may cause respiratory tract and lung irritation and may aggravate existing respiratory conditions.

#### Ingestion:

Although not a likely route of entry, tests have shown that polyacrylate absorbents are non-toxic if ingested. However, as in any instance of non-food consumption, seek medical attention in the event of any adverse symptoms.

#### Skin:

Exposure to the dust, such as in manufacturing, may aggravate existing skin conditions due to drying effect.

#### Eyes:

Dust may cause burning, drying, itching and other discomfort, resulting in reddening of the eyes.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms:

Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone.

### Medical conditions

#### aggravated by overexposure:

Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product

This Material Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with Canada's Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) and the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients Identification

| Component                         | CAS#       | Percent (wt) |
|-----------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Sodium Polyacrylate, cross-linked | 9003-04-7  | 99.0         |
| Paraformalehyde                   | 30525-89-4 | <0.1         |

### Section 4 - First Aid Measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Material Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Eye Contact:</b>       | Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.                            |
| <b>Skin Contact:</b>      | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.   |
| <b>Inhalation:</b>        | Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. |
| <b>Ingestion:</b>         | If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.  |
| <b>Note to physician:</b> | No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.   |

### Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

#### Extinguishing media

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>Suitable:</b>     | Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , foam, |
| <b>Not suitable:</b> | Water fog, Water Jet.                     |

|                                  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| <b>Special exposure hazards:</b> | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
|----------------------------------|--|

**Hazardous combustion products:**

Causes slippery conditions when wet.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

NO SPECIAL SPILL CLEAN -UP CONSIDERATIONS. COLLECT AND DISCARD IN REGULAR TRASH

## Section 7 - Handling and Storage

### Handling:

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Material Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

### Storage:

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Do not store above the following temperature: 120F / 49C.

## Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personel Protection

| Ingredient                        | OSHA TWA        | OSHA STEL       | ACGIH TWA       | ACGIH STEL      |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Sodium Polyacrylate, cross-linked | Not Established | Not Established | Not Established | Not Established |
| Paraformalehyde                   | Not Established | Not Established | Not Established | Not Established |

**Key to abbreviations**

A = Acceptable Maximum Peak  
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.  
C = Ceiling Limit  
F = Fume  
IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit  
OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration  
R = Respirable  
Z = OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

S = Potential skin absorption  
SR = Respiratory sensitization  
SS = Skin sensitization  
STEL = Short term Exposure limit values  
TD = Total dust  
TLV = Threshold Limit Value  
TWA = Time Weighted Average

**Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personel Protection****Recommended monitoring:  
procedures**

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**Engineering measures:**

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Hygiene measures:**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Personal protection****Eyes:  
Hands:**

Safety glasses with side shields.  
Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Respiratory:**

If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

**Skin:**

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Environmental exposure:  
controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

|                                    |           |                          |                           |
|------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>Physical state:</b>             | Power     | <b>Vapor Density:</b>    | Heavier than air          |
| <b>Flash point:</b>                | NA        | <b>Volatility:</b>       | Na                        |
| <b>Explosion limits:</b>           | NA        | <b>Evaporation rate:</b> | less than n-butyl acetate |
| <b>Odor:</b>                       | Ordorless | <b>% Solid. (w/w):</b>   | 100                       |
| <b>Color:</b>                      | White     |                          |                           |
| <b>Boiling/condensation point:</b> | NA        |                          |                           |
| <b>Specific gravity:</b>           | 0.65      |                          |                           |

## Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Stability:</b>                        | Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).   |
| <b>Conditions to avoid:</b>              | Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| <b>Materials to avoid:</b>               | Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, strong acids, strong alkalis.   |
| <b>Hazardous decomposition: products</b> | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.  |
| <b>Hazardous polymerization:</b>         | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.  |

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

This material has not been tested for toxicological effects.

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

This material has not been tested for Ecoogidacl effects.

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| <b>Waste disposal</b> | <p>The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.</p> |
|-----------------------|--|

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to **Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE** and **Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION** for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

|   |
|---|
| <b>Section 14 - Transport Information</b> |
|---|

| Regulation          | UN number | Proper shipping name | Classes | PG* | Additional information |
|---------------------|-----------|----------------------|---------|-----|------------------------|
| UN                  | NA        | Not regulated        |         |     |                        |
| IMDG                | NA        | Not regulated        |         |     |                        |
| DOT                 | NA        | Not regulated        |         |     |                        |
| PG* : Packing group |           |                      |         |     |                        |

|  |
|--|
| <b>Section 15 - Regulatory Information</b> |
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**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Canada inventory ( DSL )** ; All components are listed or exempted.

**California Prop. 65**

**WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

**Canada**

WHMIS (Canada) : Class B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

**Mexico**

Flammability: 1      Health: 1      Reactivity: 0

**SARA 313**

**Supplier notification**

**Chemical name**

**CAS number**

**Concentration**

None

**Section 16 - Other Information****Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**

Health: 1      Flammability: 1      Physical hazards: 0  
(\* ) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**

Health: 1      Flammability: 1      Instability: 0

**Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning this product, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the product. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.